

AFD, AGRICULTURAL FINANCE AND BIODIVERSITY

AGRI-PDB PLATFORM LEARNING EVENT: WHY BIODIVERSITY MATTERS FOR PUBLIC DEVELOPMENT BANKS – 03/12/2025





INDEPENDENT SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT ANALYSIS Positive grades reflect the project's intention BIODIVERSITY

Positive grades reflect the project's intention, between secondary or main objective

- Maintaining equivalence with OECD Development Assistance Committee criteria
- Consistency with the biodiversity finance accounting methodology, Nature +

Dialogue with the project owner

And/or actions with undemonstrated and unintentional impacts on biodiversity

- 1

A dialogue was conducted with the project owner on the challenges of preserving biodiversity and/or sustainable management of natural resources and/or the project has unintentional and unproven positive impacts on biodiversity or natural resources

Biodiversity
CAD 1 =
Secondary
objective

The project's secondary objective is to contribute to the preservation of biodiversity or to the sustainable management of natural resources

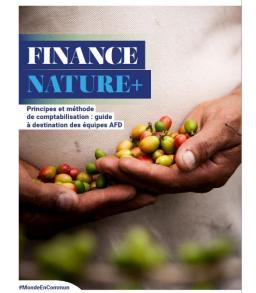
Biodiversity
CAD 2 =
Purpose

The project aims to structurally improve the state of biodiversity and/or ensure the ecological quality and sustainability of natural resources

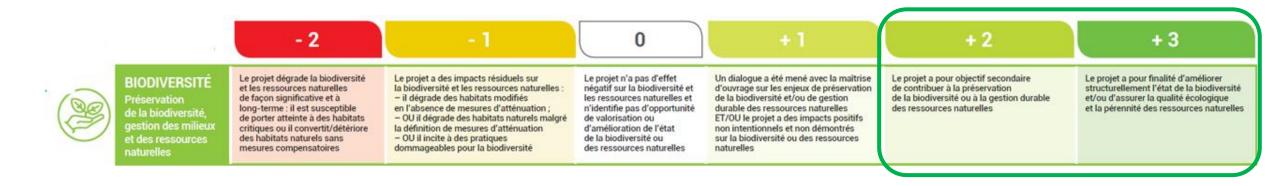
Action lever	Discount rate %	Main cause of deterioration	
1 - Protection and conservation of ecosystems and species	100	Net loss of natural habitats	
2 - Restoration of terrestrial and marine ecosystems	80	Degradation of ecosystems	
3 – Integrated planning of rural and urban territories	60	Fragmentation	
4 – Governance and Policy	50	Weak governance of biodiversity	
5 – Sustainable management of natural resources	40	Overexploitation of resources and pollution	
6 – Local ecological efficiency	20	Chronic cumulative pressures	







An accounting methodology based on the selectivity grid, applied to projects rated +2 or +3 according to the SD analysis on the Biodiversity axis









Improving the Integration of Agroecological Transition within Projects Financed by the AFD Group

POSITION PAPER

APPLICATION TO THE AGRICULTURAL SECTOR: THE AGROECOLOGICAL TRANSITION

AFD POSITION PAPER JULY 2023

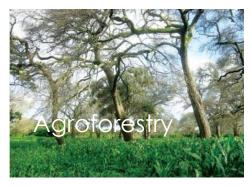


What about agroecological practices for underlying investments as a proxy for biodiversity promotion?

Main principles:

- Soil protection
- Diversity
- Efficiency
- Recycling
- Ecological regulations
- Synergies
- One Health





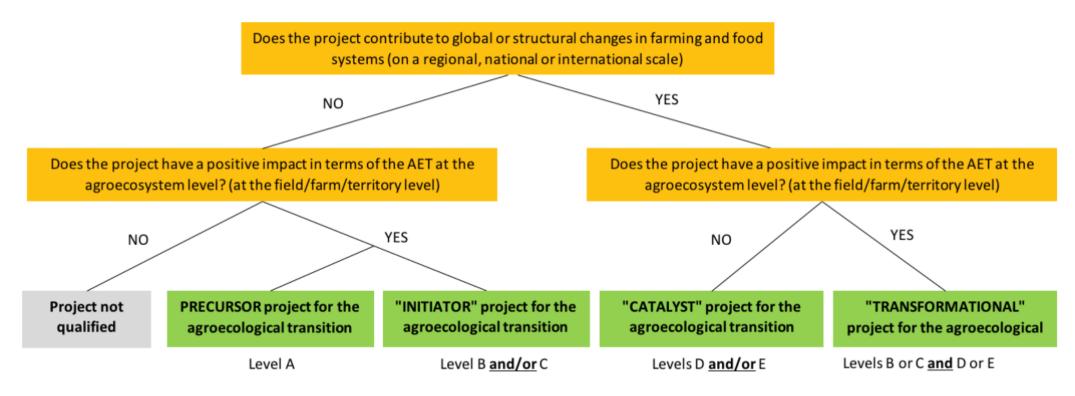








CONTRIBUTION OF AFD PROJECTS TO THE AGROECOLOGICAL TRANSITION (AET): A DECISION-MAKING TREE



AGROECOSYSTEMS LEVEL		FARM AND FOOD PRODUCTION SYSTEM LEVEL		
Α	В	С	D	E
Optimisation of the use of	Substituting "conventional"	Restructuring of	Re-establishment of links	Development of public
natural resources in	practices and inputs with	agroecosystems	between producers and	policies in favour of the
agriculture and livestock	alternative, more sustainable		consumers, creation and	agroecological transition
farming systems	practices and inputs		sharing of knowledge, etc.	



NATURE+ TRACKING: APPLICATION TO AGROECOLOGY

Purpose	% Accounting	Examples
1 - Protection of terrestrial, aquatic and marine ecosystems and/or natural species	100%	
2 - Restoration of natural terrestrial, aquatic and marine ecosystems	80%	
3 - Integrated spatial planning of rural and urban territories	60%	Integration, into spatial planning, of a support for agroecological transitions in the cultivated or pastoral areas
4 - Integrated public policies and mobilization of financial resources for biodiversity	50%	Development of public policies for biodiversity
5 - Sustainable management of natural resources (quantity and quality) and value chains	40%	Adoption of agroecological practices with improved water and soil management in a limited area
6 - Elimination of occasional and chronic human-induced pollution	20%	Improvement of practices with reduction of chemical inputs on existing plots

AGROECOLOGICAL TRANSITION & BIODIVERSITY CO-BENEFITS

Contribution to the AET	AET "precursor" and "initiator" projects	AET "catalyst" projects (levels D and/or E)	"Transformative" AET projects (levels B or C and D and/or E)
	(levels A, B and/or C)		
<u>Potential</u>	20%	40%	50%
biodiversity	Elimination of	Sustainable	Integrated public
outcome and	occasional and	management of	policies and
weighted	chronic pollution	natural resources	mobilisation of
biodiversity co-	from anthropic	and value chains	financial resources in
benefits	sources		favour of biodiversity
(*)		to 50%	
	to 40%	Integrated public	to 60%
	Sustainable	policies and	Integrated spatial
	management of	mobilisation of	development of rural
	natural resources	financial resources	and urban areas
	and value chains	in favour of biodiversity	



EXAMPLE 1/3: FINANCIAL INTERMEDIATION AND CREDIT LINES FROM A PUBLIC BANK FOR TRANSITION IN MEXICO

Objectives: (i) Support for the transformation of agricultural practices and the emergence of green and sustainable investment projects, (ii) Support to a financial institution in improving its financing offer in rural areas that are vulnerable to climate change and socioeconomically marginalized

Since 2014: €37 million x 2
credit lines (AFD+FIRA) + €4
million IG & €1 million TA
(EU)
=>100% "green practices"

Since 2021: \$100 million credit line + \$1 million TA (AFD) => 50% social, 50% climate adaptation

<u>Incentives for "green" practices</u>: SGRE&S, taxonomy, 55 eligible investment concepts (EICs) and indirect support for green bond issuance (taxonomy, parameters)

GI prioritised in municipalities classified as highly and extremely marginalised/with indigenous populations/vulnerable to climate change

Easiest: renewable energy (RE), energy efficiency (EE), water savings, greenhouses

Adaptation and inclusion : Atlas of vulnerabilities and definition of resilient investments, prioritised by level of vulnerability

Harmonisation avec IPCC reports, physical risks, transition risks, reputational risks, liability risks), Gender action plan





Children to permane to

Example 2/3 - Loan of EUR 50 million and associated grant of EUR 1,5 million to support the development and financing of sustainable agricultural practices in Morocco

1.5 MEUR Subsidy



Technical Assistance Program:

- Finalization of the investment premium eligibility process
- Thematic study on the recovery of agricultural waste;
- Support des équipes GCAM et des chefs de projet dans le renforcement des capacités contribue au suivi des impacts

Investment incentives:

- Investment grant
- Energy audit costs prior to the realization of certain EE/ER investments; certification fees for organic farming projects / coûts liés à l'obtention du label pour les investissements visant la classification « produits locaux »











Final beneficiaries: agricultural holdings



Sustainable Agricultural Practices Projects

Water: sustainable

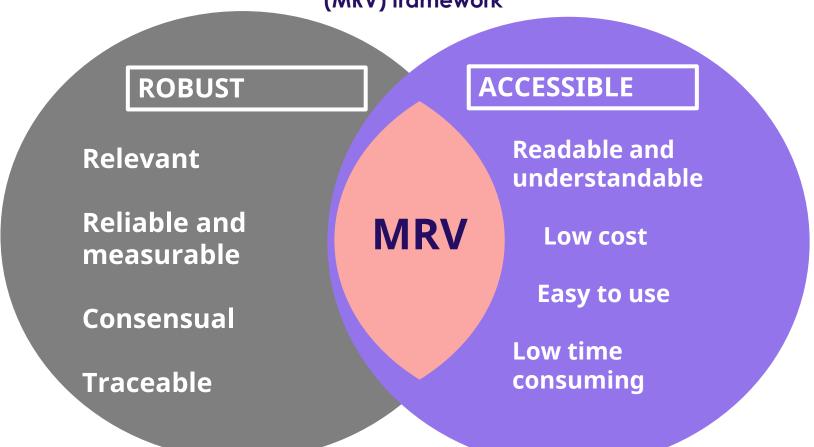
Energy: EE, ER and solar pumping

Organic farming and Recovery of agricultural waste

Green rural investments: tree plantations, oasian agriculture, exploitation of aromatic and medicinal plants and local products

TAXONOMY AND MEASUREMENT OF IMPACTS: HOW TO HAVE A ROBUST MRV AND CHEAP?

Importance of a robust and accessible eligibility, measurement and verification (MRV) framework



- Actionable tools:
 - o CBI
 - Taxonomy of the EU
 - Certifications









Challenges for the bank: simplification, operationalization, automation, compatibility with the internal information system, to be adapted to end users

A cooperation with FAO =>abc-map.fao.org



A geospatial app who provides holistic environmental assessments of projects in the AFOLU sector



ALIGNMENT OF AFD'S ACTIVITY ON THE GLOBAL BIODIVERSITY FRAMEWORK

Target 7:

Reduce pollution risks and the negative impact of pollution from all sources, by 2030, to levels that are not harmful to biodiversity and ecosystem functions and services, considering cumulative effects, including:

- **reducing excess nutrients lost to the environment by at least half** including through more efficient nutrient cycling and use;
- **reducing the overall risk from pesticides** and highly hazardous chemicals **by at least half** including through integrated pest management, based on science, **taking into account food security and livelihoods**;
- and also preventing, reducing, and working towards eliminating plastic pollution.

Target 10:

Ensure that areas under agriculture, aquaculture, fisheries and forestry are managed sustainably, in particular through the sustainable use of biodiversity, including through a substantial increase of the application of biodiversity friendly practices, such as sustainable intensification, agroecological and other innovative approaches contributing to the resilience and long-term efficiency and productivity of these production systems and to food security, conserving and restoring biodiversity and maintaining nature's contributions to people, including ecosystem functions and services.

Target 1:

Ensure that all areas are under participatory, integrated, and biodiversity **inclusive spatial planning and/or effective management processes addressing land and sea use change**, to bring the loss of areas of high biodiversity importance, including ecosystems of high ecological integrity, close to zero by 2030, while respecting the rights of indigenous peoples and local communities.